##  <br> Pearson Edexcel

## Mark Scheme (Results)

## Summer 2018

Pearson Edexcel GCE Mathematics Statistics S2 Paper 6684_01

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.


## EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATI CS

## General Instructions for Marking

1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75 .
2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:

- M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod - benefit of doubt
- ft - follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{ }$ will be used for correct ft
- cao - correct answer only
- cso - correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- awrt - answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
-     * The answer is printed on the paper
- $\quad$ The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark

4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:

- If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.
- If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.

7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Question \\
Number
\end{tabular} \& Scheme \& Marks \\
\hline 4.(a) \& \(\frac{\beta+\alpha}{2}=4, \quad \frac{(\beta-\alpha)^{2}}{12}=12\) \& B1 \\
\hline \multirow{8}{*}{(b)} \& \(\beta+\alpha=8\) and \((\beta-\alpha)=12\) or \(\alpha^{2}-8 \alpha-20=0\) or \(\beta^{2}-8 \beta-20=0\) \& B1 \\
\hline \& \(2 \beta=20\) \& M1d \\
\hline \& \(\beta=10\) \& A1 \\
\hline \& \(\alpha=-2\) \& A1 \\
\hline \& \& (5) \\
\hline \& \(\mathrm{P}(\) David late \()=0.05+0.95 \times\left(\frac{\text { "10"-5 }}{\text { "12" }}\right)\) \& M1, B1ft \\
\hline \& \(=\frac{107}{240}\) or \(0.4458333 \ldots\) awrt 0.446 \& A1 \\
\hline \& \& (3) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(c)} \& \(\mathrm{P}(\) missed train | late \()=\frac{0.05}{0.446}\) \& M1 \\
\hline \& \(=\frac{12}{107}\) or \(0.1121 \ldots \quad\) awrt 0.112 \& A1 \\
\hline \& \& (2) \\
\hline \& Notes \& Total 10 \\
\hline (a)
(b)

(c) \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{| B1 $\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}=4$ and $\frac{(\beta-\alpha)^{2}}{12}=12$ oe |
| :--- |
| B1 A pair of correct linear equations or a correct single equation in $\alpha$ or $\beta$ M1d dep on $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{B}$ mark being awarded. Correct method to solve their simultaneous equations by eliminating $\alpha$ or $\beta$ or a correct method to solve their quadratic equation. |
| A1 cao must state it is $\beta=10$ not just write 10 or written as [..., 10] |
| A1 cao must state it is $\alpha=-2$ not just write -2 or written as $[-2, \ldots]$ |
| M1 $0.05+0.95 \times(p) 0<p<1$ |
| B1ft $\left(\frac{10-5}{12}\right)$ or $\frac{5}{12}$ or awrt 0.417 or $\frac{\text { "their } \beta \text { "-5 }}{\text { "their } \beta \text { "-"their } \alpha \text { " }}$ |
| A1 awrt 0.446 or $\frac{107}{240}$ |
| NB only award these marks in part(b) |
| M1 $\frac{0.05}{\text { their (b) }}$ |
| A1 awrt 0.112 or $\frac{12}{107}$ |} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Question \\
Number
\end{tabular} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Scheme} \& Marks \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{5.(a)} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(\mathrm{H}_{0}: p=0.35 \quad \mathrm{H}_{1}: p>0.35\)} \& B1 \\
\hline \& \(V \sim \mathrm{~B}(40,0.35) \quad \mathrm{P}(V \geq 18)=1-\mathrm{P}(V \leq 17)\) \& or \(\mathrm{P}(V \geq 19)=0.0699\) \& M1 \\
\hline \& \(=1-0.8761\) \& \(\mathrm{P}(V \geq 20)=0.0363\) \& \\
\hline \& \(=0.1239\) \& CR \(V \geq 20\) \& A1 \\
\hline \& Accept \(\mathrm{H}_{0}\) or not Significant or 18 does not lie in \& e critical region \& M1d \\
\hline \& There is insufficient evidence that the proportio percentage of customers who bought organic \(\mathbf{v}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
amount/number/ \\
etables has increased.
\end{tabular} \& A1cso (5) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{(b)} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(\mathrm{E} \sim \mathrm{B}(50,0.35)\)} \& M1 \\
\hline \& \(\mathrm{P}(E \leq 10)=0.0160 \quad \mathrm{P}(E \geq 25)=\) \& . 207 \& \\
\hline \& \(\mathrm{P}(E \leq 11)=0.0342 \quad \mathrm{P}(E \geq 24)=\) \& . 0396 \& \\
\hline \& \(\mathrm{CR} E \leq 10 \quad E \geq 25\) \& \& A1A1 (3) \\
\hline (c) \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{The manager's claim is supported or there is sufficient evidence that the proportion of customers buying organic eggs is different from those buying organic vegetables.} \& B1ft (1) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{(d)
(e)} \& \(0.016+0.0207=0.0367\) or 3.67\% \& awrt 0.0367 or 3.67\% \& B1 (1) \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(F \sim N(40,32)\)} \& M1 A1 \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(\mathrm{P}(F<n)=\mathrm{P}\left(\mathrm{Z}<\frac{n-0.5-40}{\sqrt{32}}\right)\)} \& M1M1d \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(\frac{n-0.5-40}{\sqrt{32}}=-1.68\)} \& B1 \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(n=31\)} \& A1cso (6) \\
\hline \& Notes \& \& Total 16 \\
\hline (a)

(b)
(c)

(e) \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{| B1 both hypotheses correct with $p$ or $\pi$ |
| :--- |
| M1 writing or using $V \sim \mathrm{~B}(40,0.35)$ and $1-\mathrm{P}(V \leq 17)$ or $\mathrm{P}(V \leq 17)=0.8761$ or awrt 0.124 |
| OR writing $\mathrm{P}(V \geq 19)=0.0699$ or $\mathrm{P}(V \geq 20)=0.0363$ leading to a CR. Implied by correct CR |
| A1 awrt 0.124 or $V \geq 20$ or $V>19$ allow any letter |
| M1d dep on previous M being awarded. ft their CR or probability. A correct statement do not allow contradicting non-contextual comments |
| A1 cso all previous marks must be awarded. A correct statement in context. Need |
| Bold words. NB award M1A1 for a correct contextual statement on its own. If there are no hypotheses or they are the wrong way around, then M0A0 |
| M1 writing $\mathrm{E} \sim \mathrm{B}(50,0.35)$ or a correct probability or one tail of the CR correct |
| A1 $E \leq 10$ oe $\quad A 1 E \geq 25$ oe, allow any letter. Condone missing letter |
| NB If CR written as probabilities and both are correct or CR written as $10 \geq E \geq 25$ oe award M1A1A0. If just give CV 10 and 25 given award M1A0A0 |
| B1 A correct statement including the words managers claim or eggs and vegetable(s) (or veg) ft their 2 tail CR. Cannot be awarded if no CR given in (b) |
| M1 writing/using normal approximation with mean $=40$ |
| A1 writing/using normal approximation with mean $=40$ and var $=32$ |
| M1 $\pm\left(\frac{(n \text { or } n-0.5 \text { or } n+0.5) \text {-their mean }}{\text { their sd }}\right)$ if no mean or sd given they must be correct here. |
| M1 dep on previous method mark being awarded. Using continuity correction $n-0.5$ |
| B1 $\pm 1.68 \quad$ A1 31 cso all previous marks must be awarded. |
| NB 31 with no working gains no marks |} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Question <br> Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.(a) | $\mathrm{F}^{\prime}(x)=k\left(a x^{2}-x^{3}\right)$ oe | M1 |
|  | $\mathrm{F}^{\prime \prime}(x)=k\left(2 x a-3 x^{2}\right) \quad$ oe | M1 |
|  | $2 x k a-3 k x^{2}=0$ |  |
|  | $k x(2 a-3 x)=0$ |  |
|  | $a=\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{8}{3} \quad$ or $2 \times 4-3 \times \frac{8}{3}=0$ | M1d |
|  | $a=4$ * | A1cso* |
|  |  | (4) |
| (b) | $\mathrm{F}(2)=\frac{4}{15} \Rightarrow k\left(\frac{32}{3}-4\right)+b=\frac{4}{15} \quad$ or $\quad \frac{20}{3} k+b=\frac{4}{15}$ oe | M1 |
|  | $\mathrm{F}(4)=1 \Rightarrow k\left(\frac{256}{3}-64\right)+b=1 \quad$ or $\quad \frac{64}{3} k+b=1$ oe | M1 |
|  | $\frac{44}{3} k=\frac{11}{15}$ | M1dd |
|  | $k=\frac{1}{20}$ or $b=-\frac{1}{15}$ | A1 |
|  | Alternative to find $k$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & f(x)=\frac{4}{15} \quad 1<x \leq 2 \\ & f(x)=k\left(4 x^{2}-x^{3}\right) \quad 2<x \leq 4 \end{aligned}$ | (M1) |
|  | $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{4}{15} \mathrm{~d} x+\int_{2}^{4} " k\left(4 x^{2}-x^{3}\right)^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} x=1$ | (M1) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\frac{4}{15} x\right]_{1}^{2}+k\left[\frac{4 x^{3}}{3}-\frac{x^{4}}{4}\right]_{2}^{4}=1 \text { or } k\left[\frac{4 x^{3}}{3}-\frac{x^{4}}{4}\right]_{2}^{4}=\frac{11}{15}} \\ & {\left[\frac{8}{15}-\frac{4}{15}\right]+k\left[\frac{4 \times 4^{3}}{3}-\frac{4^{4}}{4}\right]-k\left[\frac{4 \times 2^{3}}{3}-\frac{2^{4}}{4}\right]=1} \end{aligned}$ | (M1dd) |
|  | $k=\frac{1}{20}$ | (A1) |
|  | $F(2.5)=$ "their $k$ " $\left(\frac{4}{3} \times 2.5^{3}-\frac{2.5^{4}}{4}\right)+($ "their $b$ " $)$ | M1 |
|  | $=\frac{623}{1280} \text { or } 0.4867 \ldots \quad \text { awrt } 0.487$ | A1cso |
|  | Alternative to find F(2.5) |  |
|  | $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{4}{15} \mathrm{~d} x+\int_{2}^{2.5}{ }^{\prime \prime} \frac{1}{20}\left(4 x^{2}-x^{3}\right) \mathrm{\prime} \mathrm{~d} x=\left[\frac{4}{15} x\right]_{1}^{2}+k\left[\frac{4 x^{3}}{3}-\frac{x^{4}}{4}\right]_{2}^{2.5}$ | (M1) |
|  | $=\frac{623}{1280} \text { or } 0.4867 \ldots$ | (A1 cso) |
|  |  | (6) |
|  |  | Total 10 |


|  | Notes |
| :---: | :---: |
| (a) (b) | M1 attempting to find $\mathrm{F}^{\prime}(x), x^{n} \rightarrow x^{n-1}$ condone missing $k$. Implied by correct $\mathrm{F}^{\prime \prime}(x)$ M1 attempting to find $\mathrm{F}^{\prime \prime}(x), x^{n} \rightarrow x^{n-1}$ condone missing $k$ <br> M1d dependent on the 2nd M being awarded. Putting "their $2 a-3 x$ " $=0$ and substituting $x=8 / 3$ <br> A1* cso fully correct solution with no errors. Must differentiatial including the $k$. <br> Make sure there is no incorrect notation <br> M1 Form the correct equation in terms of the two unknowns $k$ and $b$ using $F(2)=4 / 15$ <br> M1 Form the correct equation in terms of the two unknowns $k$ and $b$ using $F(4)=1$ <br> M1dd dependent on first two method marks being awarded. Solving the two equations simultaneously by eliminating either $k$ or $b$ <br> A1 one of $k$ or $b$ correct. |
|  | Alternative |
|  | M1 for $4 / 15$ and attempt at differentiating third line $x^{n} \rightarrow x^{n-1}$ and must have $k$. M1 for using their pdf equations with correct limits, adding and setting equal to 1 NB these first two marks can be implied by $\left[\frac{4}{15} x\right]_{1}^{2}+k\left[\frac{4 x^{3}}{3}-\frac{x^{4}}{4}\right]_{2}^{4}=1 \quad$ or $k\left[\frac{4 x^{3}}{3}-\frac{x^{4}}{4}\right]_{2}^{4}=\frac{11}{15}$ <br> dd M1 dependent of previous method marks being awarded. Correct integration and attempt to substitute limits <br> A1 $k$ correct |
|  | M1 correct method for finding $\mathrm{F}(2.5)$ using their values for $k$ and $b$ or allow with the letters $a$ (or 4), $k$ and $b$. May be implied by a correct answer otherwise working must be shown. <br> A1cso all previous method marks must be awarded $\frac{623}{1280}$ or awrt 0.487 |
|  | Alternative <br> M1 correct method for finding $\mathrm{F}(2.5)$ using their value for $k$ or allow with the letters $a$ (or 4 ) and $k$. May be implied by a correct answer otherwise working must be shown. A1cso all previous method marks must be awarded $\frac{623}{1280}$ or awrt 0.487 |

